

54th Annual Meeting 1-3 October ESPE 2015 BARCELONA

European Society for Paediatric Endocrinology



Vitamin D deficiency in children with DM1A in northern Spain



I.Diez López¹, A. Sarasua Miranda¹, I.Lorente Blázquez¹ Sección Endocrinología Infantil, Servicio de Pediatría. Hospital Universitario Araba. Sede Txagorritxu.Vitoria. Vitoria/Álava

INTRODUCTION:

- 1,000 million people worldwide present vitamin D deficiency. In children, the prevalence of vitamin D deficiency is referred up to 80% in certain countries, especially at high latitudes (above 37).
- Vitamin D role in the inmune system and in DM1 clinical variability has been described.

OBJECTIVE:

- To study deficit of VITD in children with DM 1 living in Alava (Location: 42° 51'north latitude 2°41'west longitude) and check its influence in the metabolic control.

MATERIAL & METHODS:

- Prospective open intervention.
- Inclusion: Patients with DM type 1a with at least 12 m. of evolution
 First step of study (Abril-May 2014): <u>intervention</u> 6 months (sun exposure 3 m + treatment 3 m):
 - > Intervention 3 m at summer: activities "outdoors"
 - Then treatment 3 months with 25.000 UI of colecalciferol (vitamin D), equivalent to 0,625mg (DELTIUS®)/1 every 3 weeks.
- 25-OH-Vitamin D levels : insufficiency <30ng/ml.

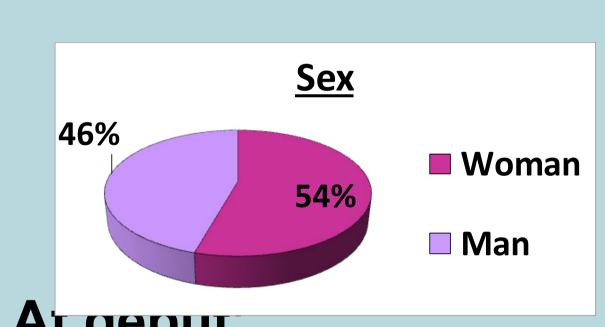
•Statistic test study for parity (n<30) (Student t), with a confidence interval of 95%. SPSS 19.0

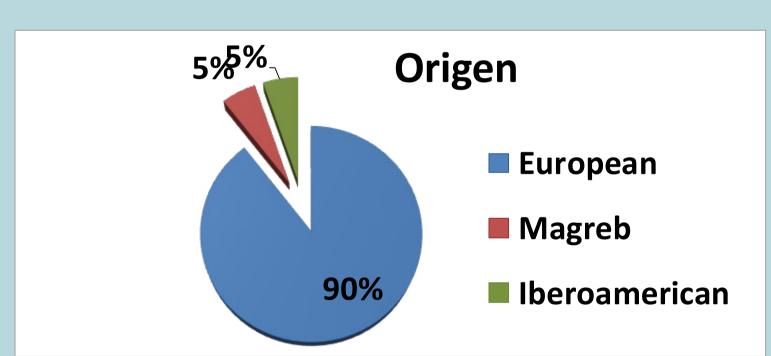


Revaluation:
November-December2014.



RESULTS:
• 57 cases:





- At aeput.
 - > Average age: 8.24 years (DS 4.27 [0.3-15])
 - > HbA1c debut 11.11% (DS 2.37[8-15.5])
- During this study:
 - > Average age: 11.5 años (DS 3.67 [2-17])
 - > HbA1c media 7.95%SDS1.16 [5.8-9.6]
 - ➤ No differences between sex
 - > 93% with bolus-basal (4/57 ISCI).

• VITAMIN D:

- > 98% had deficit of vitamin D.
- ➤25-OH vitamin D levels: media 18 ngr/ml (DS[10-28]).
- ➤ Normal: 1 case; 12 years old European female (37 ngr/ml).

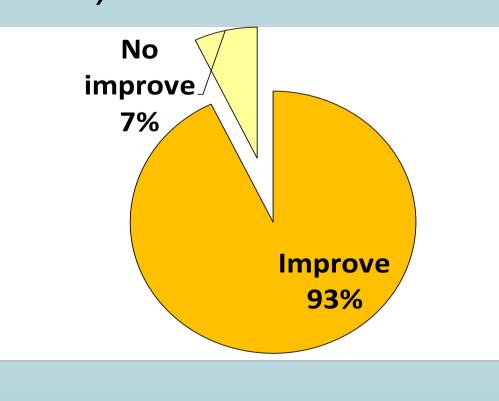


• After treatment with VitD:

➤ HbA1c: 7.68% (SDS1.18 [5.6-9.2] p:0.12)

> 250HD media 33 ngr/ml (DS[26-52] p:0.01)

> Improve: 52 cases (93%)



CONCLUSIONS:

- Children with DM1 in our region have an important deficiency of VitD.
- The outdoor activities in summer and the treatment with depot preparations is effective in correcting this deficit. Although no significant improve in metabolic control has been observed.

