

# **Reference Values for The Triglyceride to High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol Ratio and Non-High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol in** Korean children and adolescents: The Korean National Health and



## **Nutrition Examination Surveys 2007-2013**

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#### INTRODUCTION

#### Non-conventional lipid profiles

• Predictors of cardiovascular events

#### **SUBJECTS & METHODS**

- Data from the Korean National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (KNHANES) from 2007-2013
- **Non-high-density lipoprotein cholesterol (non-HDL-C)**
- All atherogenic cholesterols
- low-density lipoprotein (LDL), lipoprotein (a), intermediate-density lipoprotein (IDL), and very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) remnants
- **Triglyceride to HDL-C ratio (TG/HDL-C ratio)**

### The aim of this study

- To evaluate and identify age- and gender-specific reference values for serum lipids, including total cholesterol (TC), HDL-C, TG, LDL-C, non-HDL-C and the TG/HDL-C ratio, in a normal population of Korean children and adolescents.
- 6197 subjects (3260 males, 2937 females)

#### Calculations

- Non-HDL-C: TC HDL-C
- LDL-C: TC HDL-C TG/5 (all subjects: TG < 400 mg/dL)

#### Dyslipidemia

- hyper-TC concentration (TC  $\geq 200 \text{ mg/dL}$ )
- hypo-HDL-C concentration (HDL-C <40 mg/dL)
- hyper-TG concentration (TG  $\geq 130$  mg/dL)
- hyper-LDL-C (LDL-C  $\geq 130 \text{ mg/dL}$ )
- hyper-non-HDL-C (non-HDL-C  $\geq 145 \text{ mg/dL}$ )

#### RESULTS

Percentile Percentile SD Boys (N=3260) Mean SD Girls (N=2937) Mean 95 25 75 90 75 90 95 10 50 10 25 50 Total cholesterol (mg/dL) Total cholesterol (mg/dL)



#### CONCLUSIONS

- This study on the distribution of serum lipid concentrations in Korea demonstrated age- and gender-specific reference values of serum lipid profiles including non-HDL-C and TG/HDL-C ratios in children and adolescents based on a nationwide survey.
- These results provide not only more information for individualized interpretation of lipid profiles and interventions but also valuable information for planning strategies to prevent and manage childhood and adolescent dyslipidemia.

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