

## Evolutive profile of pauci-symptomatic forms of Mc Cune Albright syndrome



**Audrey Cartault, Emilie Tryoen, Françoise Paris<sup>2</sup>, Céline Bar, Catherine Pienkowski**  
 Hôpital des enfants, centre de référence des maladies gynécologiques rares, PGR Toulouse, CHU Toulouse France  
<sup>2</sup> 371 Avenue Du Doyen Gaston Giraud (HOPITAL LAPEYRONIE CHU MONTPELLIER), 34070 Montpellier



**In young girls, the occurrence of secretory ovarian cysts may be the first manifestation of Mc Cune Albright Syndrome.**

We reported the evolutive profile of 8 young patients with secretory ovarian cyst and peripheral precocious puberty.

5 of the 8 girls present metrorrhagia at the diagnostic. 2 girls had café-au-lait spots (cases 4, 7). No patient had bone lesions detected on the holoskeleton.

On the first episode of cyst, the mean age was 3.8 years (range 2.5 to 7.25 years).

The average diameter of the ovarian cyst was 38.5 mm (range 25 to 80 mm).

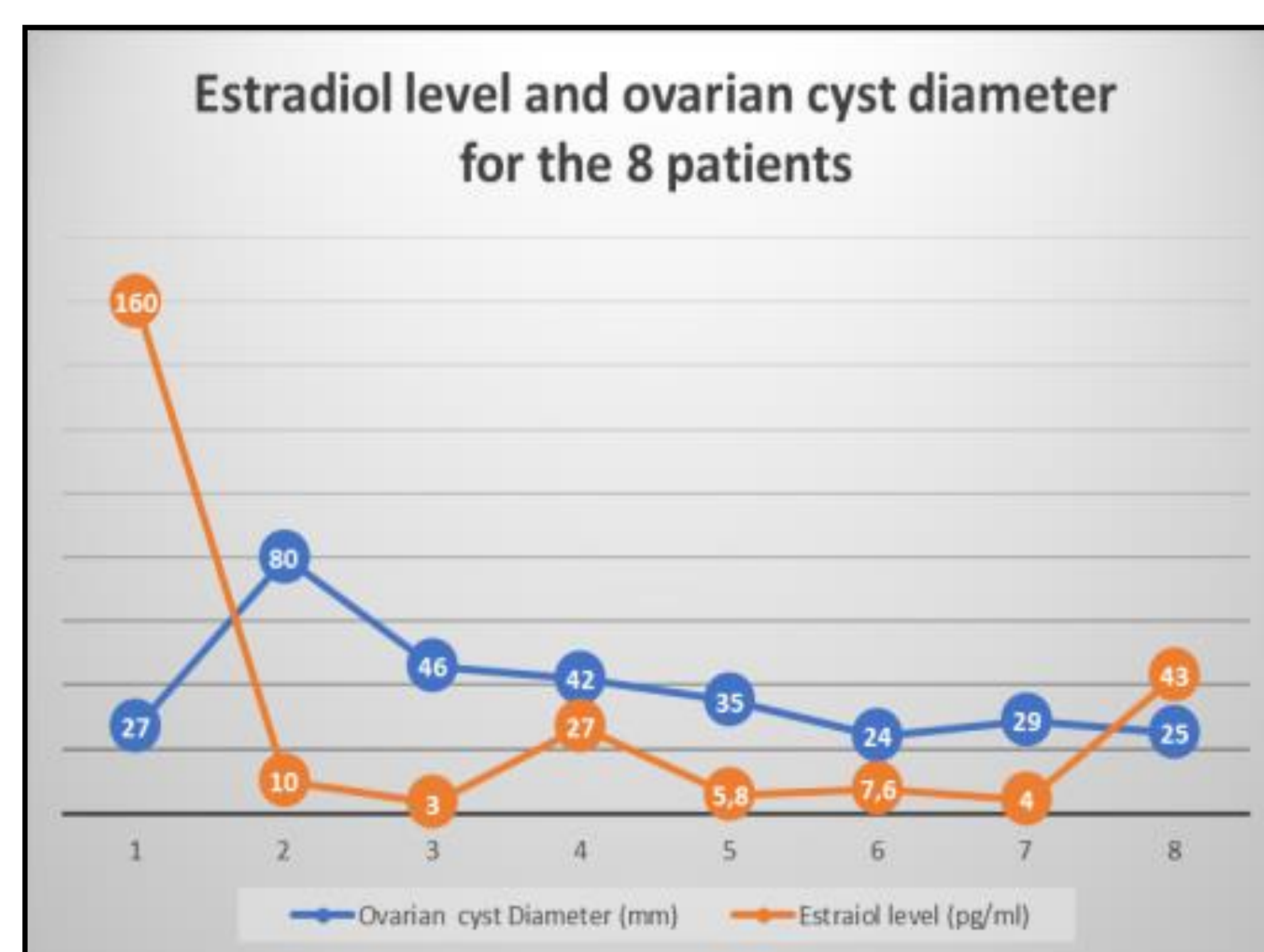
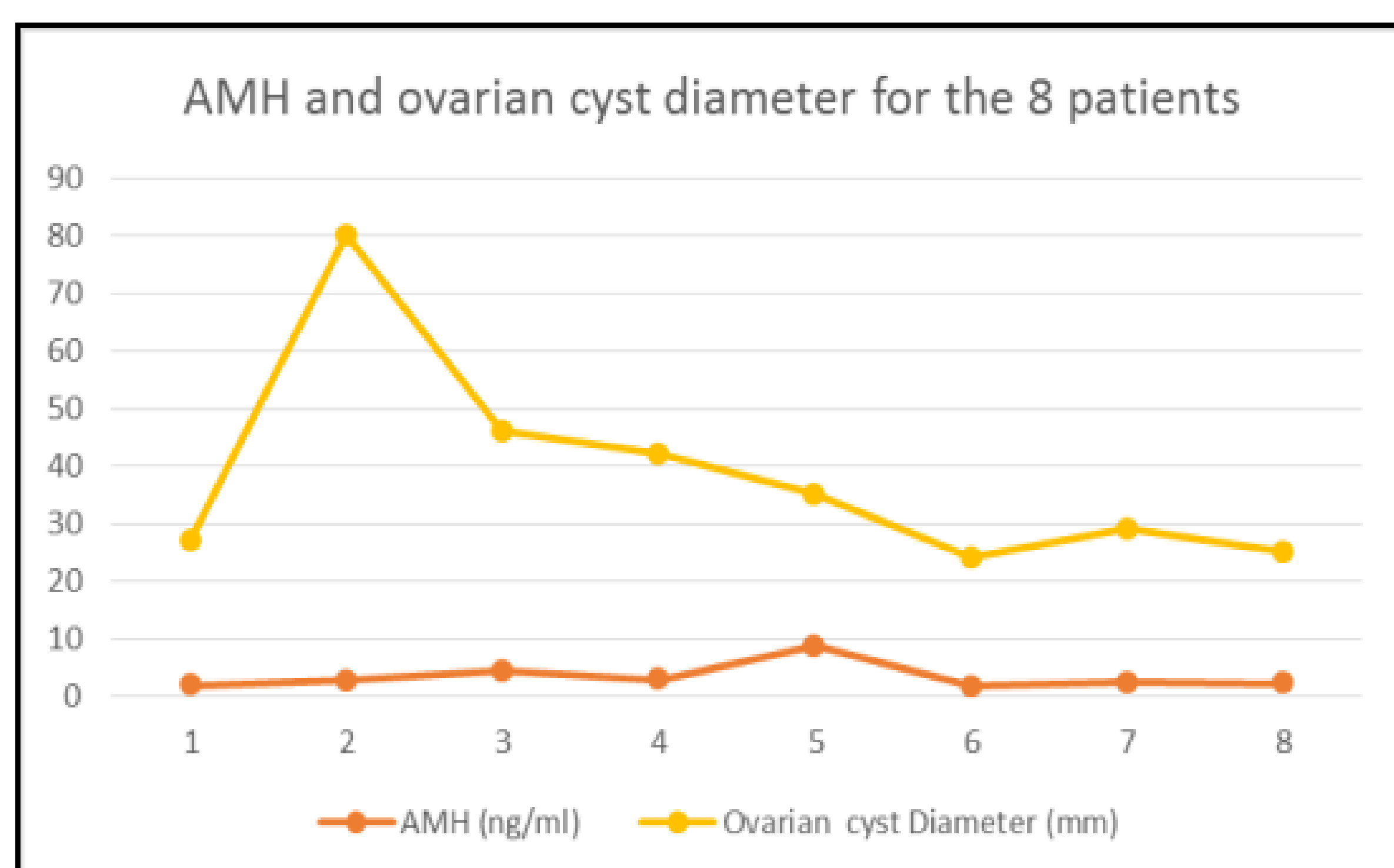
The mean estradiol level was 32.5 pg/ml (range 3 to 160). The mean AMH level was 3.35 ng/ml (range 1.9 to 8.7). The rates of E2 and AMH level were not correlated to the diameter of the cyst.

No patient had detected GS $\alpha$  protein mutation by peripheral blood analysis.

5 patients underwent cystectomy (cases 1,2, 3 and 4). GS $\alpha$  protein mutation was positive on the follicular fluid for 4 cases and negative for 1 case. The cyst spontaneously regressed in the 3 other cases (cases 5, 6, 7).

The mean follow up is 6,6 years. The recurrence of the cyst was noted once (case 7 at 4 yrs), twice (case 4 at 7 and 10 yrs) and 6 times (case 1 at 3, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 11 yrs). This girl with 6 recurrences (case 1) was followed until the age of 27 years, and she had no other recurrence of cyst after 11 years.

Patients	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Age at 1st episode (yrs)	2 yrs 5m	7	1yrs 8 m	4	3yrs 9m	5	3	3yrs 5m
Tanner		P2B2	P1B2	P1B2	P2B2	P1B3	P2B2	P2B2
Metrorrhagia	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	+
Diameter of the cyst (mm)	27	80	46	42	35	24	29	25
Estradiol (pg/ml)	160	10	3	27	5.8	7.6	4	43
LH/FSH (U/L)		0.2/0.3	0.2/0.3	0.2/0.3	0.6/0.2	0.3/0.3	0.2/0.3	0.1/0.1
AMH (ng/ml)	1.9	2.7	4.4	2.8	8.7	1.7	2.4	2.2
Evolution of initial cyst								
Regression (R)	C	C	C	C	R	R	R	C
Cystectomy (C)								
Positive GS $\alpha$ protein mutation in follicle cyst fluid	+	+	+	+				-
Number of cyst recurrence	6	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Age at Recurrence (yrs)	3;4;6;8;7;2;9;11			7;10			4	
Follow up (years)	25	5	8	7	4	1	2	3



### Références:

- C Pienkowski et al. Acta Paediatr 1997; 86: 101 9-21.
- K A Rodriguez-Macias et al. Arch Dis Child 1999; 81:53-56
- Zehra Aycan et al. J Clin Res Ped Endo 2011; 3(1):40-42
- L Gaspari et al, Prenatal Diagnosis . 2012; 32, 1-5

**Conclusion:** Mc Cune Albright syndrome is a sporadic disease with unpredictable evolution. We report here cases of 8 young girls with secretory ovarian cyst. There is no predictive factor of recurrence at the initial diagnosis (AMH, Estradiol, cyst diameter).

We conclude that follow-up is essential after a first secretory ovarian cyst before puberty.

