EasypodTM Connect Observational Study: The Italian Experience

S. Loche¹, C. Centonze² on behalf of the Italian ECOS Investigators*

¹SSD Endocrinologia Pediatrica, Ospedale Pediatrico Microcitemico "A. Cao", A Brotzu, Cagliari, Italy; ²Medical Affairs, Merck Serono S.p.A., Rome, Italy; *C.Angeletti (Senigallia), F Antoniazzi (Verona), S.Bernasconi (Parma), G.M.Cardinale (Lecce), M.Caruso-Nicoletti (Catania), L.Cavallo (Bari), S.Cianfarani, (Roma), G.Citro (Potenza), F.De Luca (Messina), S.Della Casa (Roma), M.Di Pietro (Atri), P.Garofalo (Palermo), C.Giordano (Palermo), N.A.Greggio (Padova), M.R.Licenziati (Napoli), M.Maghnie (Genova), M.Parpagnoli (Firenze), L.Persani (Milano), S.Pesce (Bari), M.Sacco (San Giovanni Rotondo), M.Salerno (Napoli), L.Tafi (Arezzo)

 Table 1. Baseline patient demographic data

INTRODUCTION

Recombinant human growth hormone (r-hGH) is indicated to normalize statural growth and improve metabolic parameters in children with GH deficiency (GHD) and other clinical conditions¹. GH treatment requires regular injections for a long period of time.

	Overall n=73	
Age, years	Mean (SD) Median Q1; Q3 Min; Max	9.78 (3.20) 10.00 8.00; 12.00 1.0; 15.0
Sex, n (%)	Female Male	35 (47.9) 38 (52.1)
Ethnicity, n (%)	African Caucasian	1 (1.4) 72 (98.6)
Height SDS at Baseline	Mean (SD) Median Q1; Q3	-2.40 (0.73) -2.34 -2.80; -1.96

Growth Outcome

Median change in height SDS after 1 year was 0.41 (Table 2). This level of adherence was not correlated with parameters of growth outcome by Spearman's productmoment correlation likely due to adherence values being skewed towards high positive levels. Additional modelling is expected to provide further insights on correlations between adherence and outcomes.

Adherence to treatment may affect response to GH. Non-adherent patients not gain the physical and may psychological benefits of GH treatment and may encounter later metabolic complications².

Therefore an early identification of nonadherence is essential to prevent future physical problems.

At the moment, the easypod[™] device is the only electronic GH auto-injector available. Easypod[™] enables accurate records of patients' adherence to recombinant human growth hormone (r-hGH) to be collected, providing realworld data for evaluation³.

BACKGROUND

The Easypod Connect Observational Study (ECOS) is a prospective long-term observational study involving 24 countries aimed at evaluating the level of adherence in patients receiving growth hormone via the easypodTM device (Figure 1)⁴.

All patients received r-hGH (Saizen[®], Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany) via the easypod[™] device.

The adherence rate was calculated as follows:

 $= \frac{\text{Number of days injections received during period}}{\text{Number of days injections planned during period}} \times 100$ Treatment adherence rate (%)

Statistical analysis

Height standard deviation score (SDS) was calculated World Health using Organization reference data⁵ and height velocity (HV) SDS was calculated using Tanner growth standards⁶. The impact of adherence rates on clinical outcomes at the end of 1 year of treatment was analyzed using Spearman's productmoment correlations.

Table 2. Growth response after 1 year of treatment in naïve GHD patients			
Overall n=70			
Change in height SDS	Mean (SD) Median Q1; Q3	0.42 (0.38) 0.41 0.18; 0.61	

CONCLUSIONS

 The majority of patients starting GH treatment with easypod[™] maintained adherence >80% up to 3 years.

• ECOS has produced accurate, robust, and real-time adherence data in patients receiving Saizen[®] via easypod[™] and provided useful insights into growth response to

Figure 1. ECOS

Design	Long-term, observational, open-label study	
Location	24 countries	
Duration	5 years (November 2010-February 2016)	
Indications	Growth hormone deficiency, small for gestational age, Turner syndrome, other indications	
Primary objective	To assess the level of adherence of participants receiving Saizen [®] via easypod [™]	
Secondary objective	To describe the impact of adherence on clinical outcomes for participants receiving Saizen [®] via easypod [™]	
	To identify participant adherence profiling	

OBJECTIVE

presents study

RESULTS

Adherence

Data were available for 65 patients after 1 year, for 40 after 2 years and for 18 after 3 years (Figure 2). The median level of adherence was maintained >80% over 3 years (Figure 3).

Figure 2. Number of patients with prospective adherence data over the study period



Saizen[®] treatment.

- Using easypod[™] and easypod[™] **Connect, physicians can identify** patients with inadequate adherence, and with poor response to treatment, and help them maximize the benefits of recombinant human GH treatment
- Overall growth response was positive and clinically meaningful

REFERENCES

1. Grimberg A et al., *Horm Res Paediatr*, 2016; 86:361-397.

2. Bagnasco F et al., *Endocr Pract*, 2017.

3. Loche S et al., *J Endocrinol Invest*, 2016; 39:1419-1424.

4. Koledova E et al., *Endocr Connect*, 2018; 7(8):914-923.

5. WHO Multicentre Growth Reference Study Group. Geneva, 2006.

6. Tanner JM et al., Arch Dis Childhood, 1966; 41:613-635.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The three years prospective adherence data from the Italian cohort of ECOS patients naïve to treatment.

METHODS

Patients and study design

Italian ECOS cohort of naïve GHD patients. A total of 73 patients were analyzed: 70 idiopathic, 2 organic and 1 congenital. Their main clinical characteristics are summarized in Table 1.



Figure 3. Treatment adherence rates over time in the easypod[™] adherence data analysis.



Sponsored by Merck Serono S.p.a., Rome, Italy

DISCLOSURES

SL is a member of the ECOS International Steering Committee

CC is an Employee of Merck-Serono - Rome

Copies of this poster obtained through QR (Quick Response) code are for personal use only and may not be reproduced without written permission of the authors

GET POSTER PD





