Adrenal steroid precursors with glucocorticoid activity are able to prevent adrenal crises in untreated congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH) patients

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Adrenal steroidogenesis and CAH



Cohort description

24 severely affected **untreated** CAH patients:

Age 0 - 46 years

19x 21-hydroxylase deficiency (210HD)

5x 11-hydroxylase deficiency (110HD)

13/22 patients had reported episodes of severe stress

Aim: to determine the role of adrenal steroid precursors in CAH patients

Increased concentrations of adrenal steroid precursors in untreated CAH patients

	Median concentrations (nmol/L) 60 minutes after ACTH stimulation (LC-MS/MS) Mann-Whitney-U test compared to control		
Steroid	210HD	Control	110HD
cortisol	73	>500	180
11-deoxycortisol	1.9	3.2	457 (p=0.003)
11-deoxycorticosterone	0.4	0.5	55 (p=0.003)
17-hydroxyprogesterone	610 (p<0.001)	4.8	20 (p=0.003)
progesterone	29 (p<0.001)	1.0	3.6 (p=0.003)
21-deoxycortisol	73	_	_
corticosterone	7.1 (p<0.001)	72	4.3 (p=0.003)

Steroid precursors have glucocorticoid activity

Dual-luciferase assay in human embryonic kidney cells transfected with the glucocorticoid receptor



- cortisol (reference)
- corticosterone
- 21-deoxycortisol
- 11-hydroxyprogesterone
- 11-deoxycortisol
- aldosterone
- 11-deoxycorticosterone
- progesterone
- 17-hydroxyprogesterone * 16-hydroxyprogesterone

Structure-activity relationship:

<u>Dehydrogenation</u> is a prerequisite no activity of (17-hydroxy) pregnenolone

Most potent steroids are <u>11-hydroxylated</u> (corticosterone, 21-deoxycortisol, 11-hydroxyprogesterone, aldosterone)



- pregnenolone
- 17-hydroxypregnenolone

 3β -hydroxysteroid dehydrogenated

Conclusion: Strongly elevated adrenal steroid precursor concentrations are able to compensate for cortisol deficiency in untreated CAH patients



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