

P1-P269



Karolina Stozek¹, Natalia Wawrusiewicz-Kurylonek², Joanna Goscik³, Malgorzata Wasniewska⁴, Tommaso Aversa⁴, Domenico Corica⁴, Adam Kretowski⁵, Artur Bossowski¹

¹Department of Pediatric Endocrinology, Diabetology with Cardiology Division, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland. ²Department of Diabetology, Endocrinology and Internal Medicine, Medical University of Białystok, Bialystok, Poland. ³Faculty of Computer Science Bialystok University of Technology, Bialystok, Poland. ⁴Department of Human Pathology of Adulthood abd Childhood, University of Messina, Messina, Italy. ⁵Department of Endocrinology, Diabetology and Internal Diseases, Medical University of Białystok, Bialystok, Poland

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Many organs of human body are attacked by autoimmune processes and countless number of genes are

involved in their pathogenesis. Diabetes mellitus type 1 (T1DM) attaching pancreas is a common autoimmune disease in childhood. Among autoimmune thyroid diseases (AITD) we can distinguish less frequent in children population- Graves' disease (GD). Thyroid stimulating hormone receptor (TSHR) gene encodes membrane protein responsible for thyroid metabolism. Interferon induced helicase (IFIH1) gene tends to be related to development of many autoimmune diseases. ETV5 transcription factor is considered to be obesity-associated loci.





Identification of genetic variants enabling differentiation between GD and T1DM in children.

The study was performed among 170 patients with GD and 194 with T1DM. Three single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs): **Rs 179247-TSHR**, **Rs 1990760- IFIH1** and **Rs 7647305- ETV5** were genotyped by TaqMan SNP genotyping using QuantStudio 12 K Flex OpenArray plates.

Results

Table 1. Distribution of alleles and genotypes: rs179247- TSHR in GD and T1DMFig.1 TSHR gene location

Allele/Genotype	GD	T1DM	
Α	155 (46%)	149 (39%)	
G	181 (54%)	235 (61%)	p=0.05
A/A	36 (21%)	23 (12%)	01-1.55
A/G	83 (49%)	103 (54%)	p=0.02
G/G	49 (30%)	66 (34%)	OR=2.09

Chr	14																						
p13	p12	p11.2	q11.2	q12	q13.1	q21.1	q21.2	q21.3	q22.1	q22.3	q23.1	q23.2	q23.3	q24.1 q24.2	q24.3	a31.1	-	q31.3	q32.11	q32.12 q32.13	q32.2	q32.31	q32 . 33
			X																				

The TSHR gene is located on the long (q) arm of chromosome 14 at position 31.1

Table 2. Distribution of alleles and genotypes: rs1990760- IFIH1 in GD and T1DM

Allele/Genotype	GD	T1DM	
С	140 (41%)	119 (31%)	n-0.003
Т	200 (59%)	269 (69%)	OR=1.6
C/C	36 (21%)	9 (5%)	
C/T	68 (40%)	101 (52%)	0.0=q
T/T	66 (39%)	84 (43%)	OR=4.99

Fig.2 IFIH1 gene location

Chr 2		
p25.3 p25.1 p24.3 p24.1 p24.1 p24.1 p24.1 p24.1 p24.1 p24.1 p16.1 p16.1	p11.2 q14.2 q14.3 q22.1 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q22.3 q24.1 q27.1 q27.2 q24.1 q27.2 q2 q27.2 q2 q27.2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2 q2	924.3 924.3 924.3 931.1 932.3 932.3 932.3 932.3 932.3 932.3 937.3 937.3 937.3

The IFIH1 gene is located on the long (q) arm of chromosome 2 at position 24.2

Table 3. Distribution of alleles and genotypes: rs7647305- ETV5 in GD and T1DM

Fig.3 ETV 5 gene location

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Allele/Genotype	GD	T1DM	
С	254 (76%)	247 (64%)	n=0.0
Т	80 (24%)	141 (36%)	OR=1.8
C/C	91 (55%)	88 (45%)	
C/T	72 (43%)	71 (37%)	p=0.0
т/т	4 (2%)	35 (18%)	OR=8.68

Chir J		
p26.1 p25.3 p24.3 p24.3 p24.3 p22.3 p22.3 p22.3	p14.3 p14.3 p14.2 p14.1 p14.1 p12.3 q13.13 q13.13 q13.33	421.3 425.3 426.3 427.4 427.4

The ETV5 gene is located on the long (q) arm of chromosome 3 at position 27.2

Conclusions



When comparing GD with T1DM, Rs179247 A/G, Rs 1990760 C/T and Rs7647305 C/T polymorphisms could contribute to GD development in children. The main risk factor for Rs 179247 is A allele, for Rs 1990760 is C allele and for Rs 7647305 is C allele. Rydzewska M, Góralczyk A, Gościk J et al. Analysis of chosen polymorphisms rs2476601 a/G -PTPN22, rs1990760 C/T IFIH1, rs179247 a/G TSHR in pathogenesis of autoimmune thyroid diseases in chi Idren. Autoimmunity. 2018 Jun;51(4):183-190.
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