

# The impact of Growth hormone treatment in patients with Noonan syndrome and growth hormone deficiency

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## INTRODUCTION

- Noonan syndrome (NS) is a genetic disorder characterized by specific features including short stature, cardiac defect, and distinctive facial dysmorphism.
- Human growth hormone (GH) has been used to improve growth in children with NS but there is little information how GH treatment affects height.
- The aim of this study is to investigate efficacy of GH treatment in Korean children with NS compared to sex and age-matched patients with growth hormone deficiency (GHD).

## METHODS

- Seventeen prepubertal children (10 boys, 7 girls) with NS who received rhGH therapy for at least 3 years between 2008 and 2015 were included.
- The recombinant human was administered at a dose of 33–66 µg/kg/day for 6 days a week subcutaneously.
- We analyzed height and height velocity before and during GH treatment. The height and height velocity were compared with children with GH deficiency (n=31) matched for age, sex as a control group.

**Table 1. Baseline characteristics and comparison of the rhGH response in patients with NS and GHD**

	NS (N=17)	GHD (N=31)	p-value
Age (year)	6.35 ± 2.32	6.35 ± 1.84	0.996
Sex (Male: Female)	10:7	22:9	0.524
Height SDS	-2.63 ± 0.73	-2.24 ± 0.40	0.050
BMI SDS	-0.34 ± 1.14	-0.26 ± 1.06	0.811
IGF-1 SDS	-0.27 ± 1.09	-0.56 ± 1.06	0.371
Bone age (year)	5.22 ± 1.93	4.77 ± 1.60	0.416
BA-CA	-1.35 ± 0.95	-1.57 ± 0.64	0.417
<b>Height SDS</b>			
1 <sup>st</sup>	-1.85 ± 0.90	-1.41 ± 0.43	0.073
2 <sup>nd</sup>	-1.44 ± 0.96	-1.06 ± 0.41	0.148
3 <sup>rd</sup>	-1.25 ± 0.89*	-0.77 ± 0.45*	0.060
<b>Δ height SDS</b>	1.42 ± 0.61	1.47 ± 0.46	0.800
<b>Growth velocity (cm)</b>			
1 <sup>st</sup>	8.8 ± 1.9	9.3 ± 1.7	0.372
2 <sup>nd</sup>	7.4 ± 1.1	6.9 ± 1.2	0.240
3 <sup>rd</sup>	6.7 ± 1.1	6.8 ± 1.8	0.902
GH dose (ug/kg/d)	44.7 ± 6.8	30.7 ± 1.6	<0.001

## RESULTS

- Mean age of patients with NS was 6.34 ± 2.32 years.
- Mutations in PTPN11, RAF1, and SHOC2 genes were identified in 11 (64.7%), 1 (5.8%), and 1 patient (5.8%), respectively; no mutations were found in 4 patients (23.5%).
- Height standard deviation score (SDS) in patients with NS increased from -2.64 ± 0.73 before starting treatment to -1.24 ± 0.89 after treatment (P < .001). Height SDS in patients with GHD increased from -2.24 ± 0.40 before starting treatment to -0.77 ± 0.45 after treatment. There were no significant differences in growth velocity or change in height SDS with rhGH therapy between patients with NS and GHD (Table 1).
- There were no significant differences in clinical or laboratory findings between patients with and without *PTPN11* mutation at the start of rhGH therapy (Table 2).

**Table 2. Baseline and treatment data according to the mutation type for patients with NS**

	Non-PTPN11* (N=6)	PTPN11 (N=11)	p-value
Age (year)	7.07 ± 2.86	5.96 ± 2.02	0.362
Sex (Male: Female)	3: 3	7: 4	0.643
Height SDS	-3.00 ± 0.99	-2.44 ± 0.48	0.129
Weight SDS	-2.43 ± 0.63	-1.89 ± 1.39	0.388
BMI SDS	-0.46 ± 0.37	-0.27 ± 1.41	0.748
IGF-1 SDS	-0.83 ± 1.45	0.04 ± 0.75	0.116
Bone age (year)	6.18 ± 2.19	4.86 ± 1.80	0.254
BA-CA	-2.06 ± 1.15	-1.09 ± 0.77	0.080
Height SDS			
1 <sup>st</sup>	-2.50 ± 1.00	-1.49 ± 0.63	0.023
2 <sup>nd</sup>	-2.07 ± 1.06	-1.08 ± 0.75	0.041
3 <sup>rd</sup>	-1.71 ± 1.04	-0.94 ± 0.68	0.084
Δ height SDS	1.25 ± 0.82	1.53 ± 0.46	0.400
Growth velocity (cm)			
1 <sup>st</sup>	7.3 ± 2.0	9.6 ± 2.8	0.013
2 <sup>nd</sup>	7.4 ± 1.4	7.3 ± 1.0	0.909
3 <sup>rd</sup>	6.9 ± 1.6	6.5 ± 0.8	0.589
GH dose (ug/kg/d)	41.0 ± 0.7	46.7 ± 5.5	0.097

\* Non-PTPN11 group included patients for which PTPN11 mutations was not found.

## CONCLUSION

- The rhGH therapy in patients with NS increased height SDS and growth velocity after 3 years of treatment.
- Also, the response to rhGH therapy was similar between patients with NS and GHD.
- Our study provides evidence that rhGH therapy is very helpful to promote growth in these patients.