# Precocious puberty and primary hypothyroidism in a 6 years and 10 months girl with pituitary macro adenoma and dextral ovarian cyst Ratna Dewi Artati, Merry Faridah Sabir

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### Background

Precocious puberty associated with profound hypothyroidism is a rare condition. It is usually characterized by breast development, vaginal bleeding, and lack of pubic hair. Multi cystic ovaries in profound hypothyroidism patients with precocious puberty have been rarely described.

## Objective

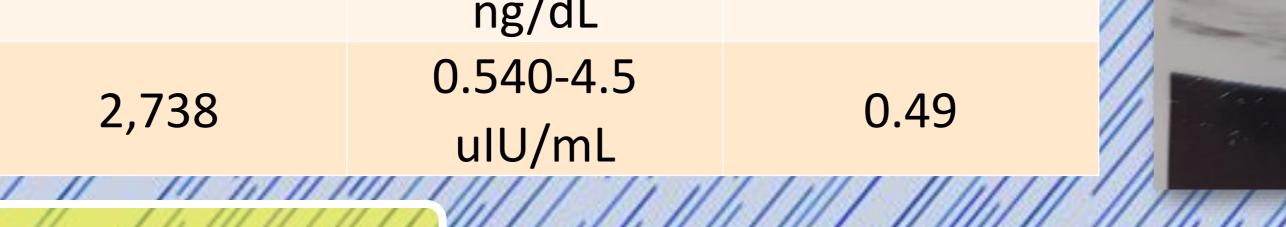
To report a case of Precocious puberty and primary hypothyroidism in a 6 years and 10 months girl with pituitary macro adenoma and dextral ovarian cyst.

#### **Case Presentation Summary**

A 6 year and 10 month old girl was referred to Wahidin Hospital with precocious puberty. The girl was admitted with vaginal bleeding as the main complaint. Vaginal bleeding occurred since 6 months before with 3-4 days cycle. Breast enlargement and hairy axillary since a year before. Her mother had menarche at 14 years old. There was consanguinity of her both parents. On physical examination: pigmented hairy axillary, breast budding, no pubic hair. Body weight 20 kg, height 108 cm. Genetic height potential 142,5 cm - 159,5 cm (CDC NCHS 2000). Laboratory: hemoglobin 8,4 g/dl, perifer blood smear dismorphyc anemia from Fe deficiency with differential diagnosis chronic illness. Low LH but FSH and estradiol elevated. Low FT4 (0.22 ng/dL), T3 (total)(<0.4 ng/mL) and T4 (total) (1.24µg/dL) with high TSHS (2,738uIU/mL) and prolactin (255,3 bg.mL). Tumor marker : AFP, CEA and Beta HCG normal with light elevation in Ca-125. MSCT abdominal scan ovarial cystic. Bone age for left hand appropriate with 6 years and 10 months girl. Head CT scan suggestive pituitary macro adenoma, bilateral fronto temporal hypoplasia. This patient treated with levothyroxine 100 mcg/24 hour/oral, which result in tumor reduction.



		Result			
No	Test	Before treatment	Normal value	After treatment	
1	Estradiol	1,036	6.00-27.00 pg/mL	26.5	
2	Prolactin	255.3	0.3-12.9 ng/mL	14.7	
3	FT4	0.22	0,85-1,75 ng/dL	1.24	1
4	TSHS	2,738	0.540-4.5 uIU/mL	0.49	





Precocious puberty associated with profound

hypothyroidism is a rare condition and can be treated with levothyroxine which can give tumor reduction and stop bleeding.

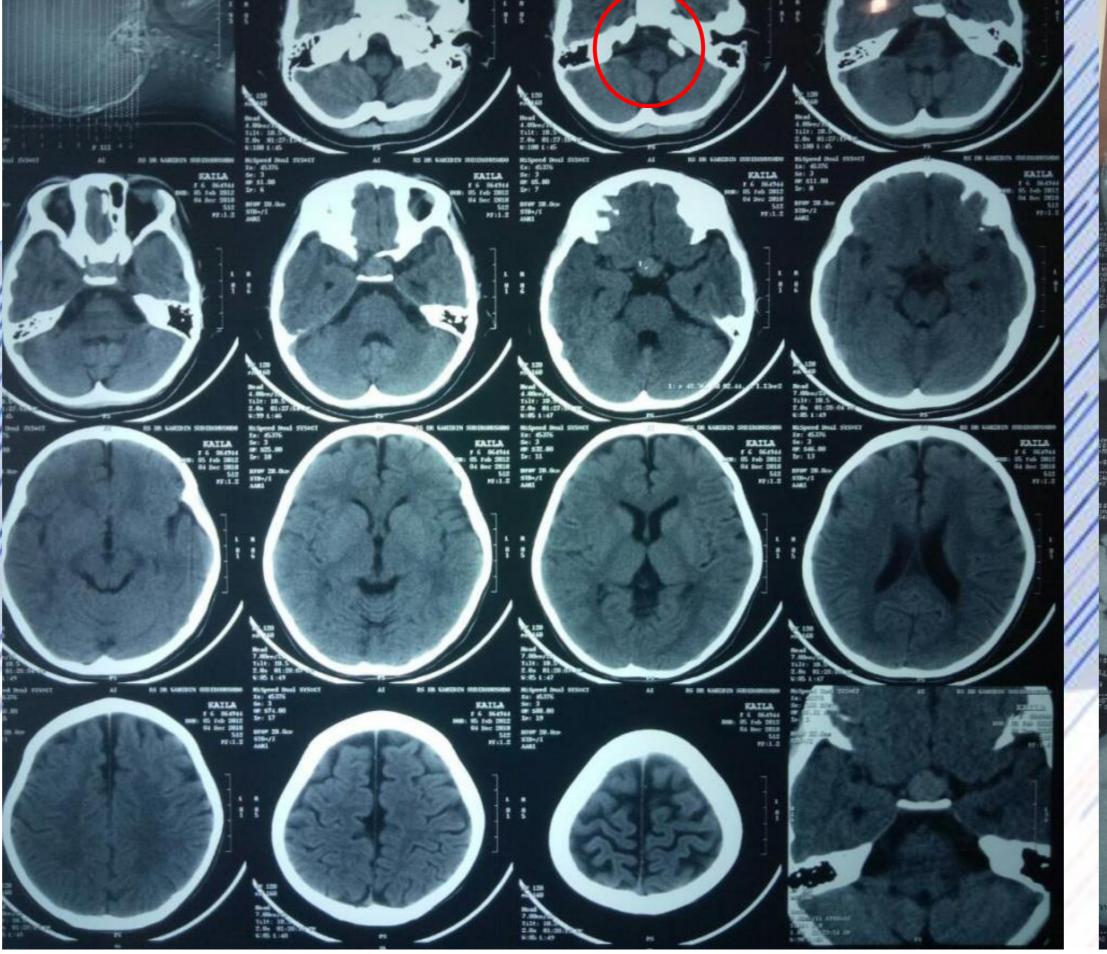
#### References

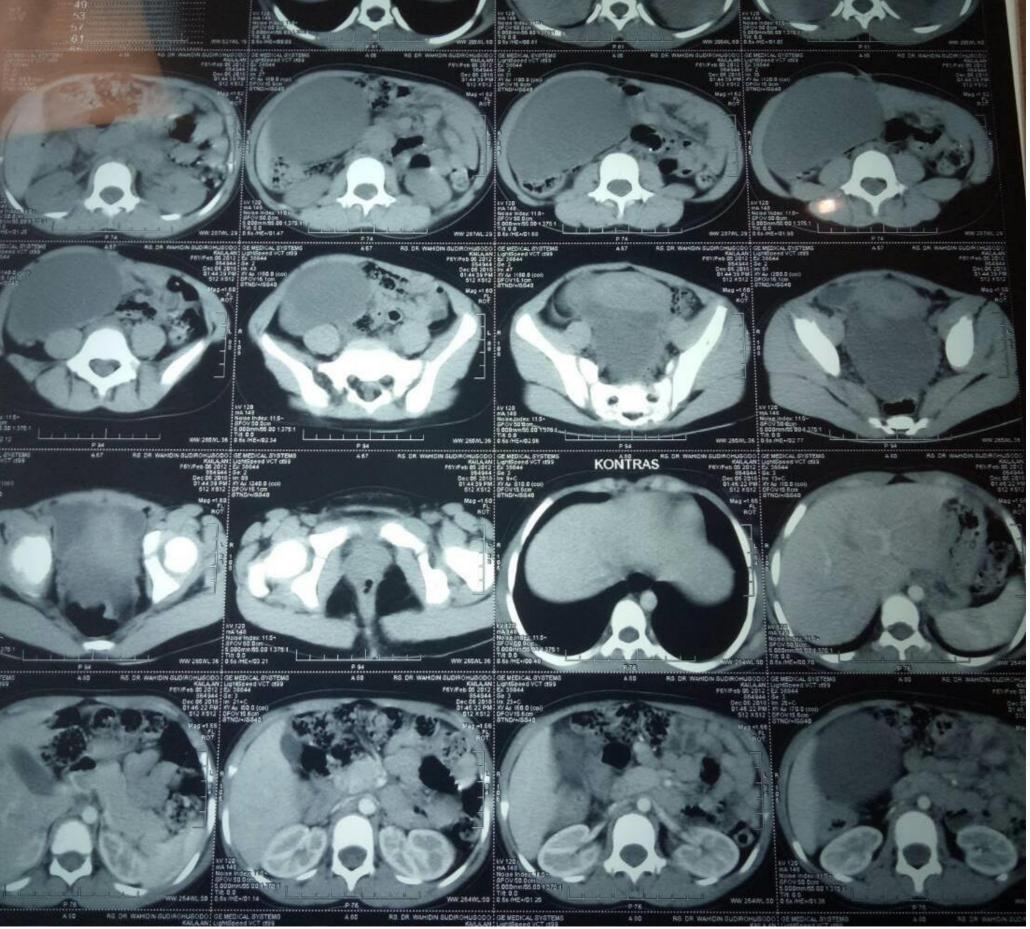
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Keywords: Precocious puberty, hypothyroidism, pituitary macro adenoma, levothyroxine







Pituitary, neuroendocrinology and puberty

Poster presented at:





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