# **SOAR Study: New approaches to managing social skills deficits in Turner Syndrome**

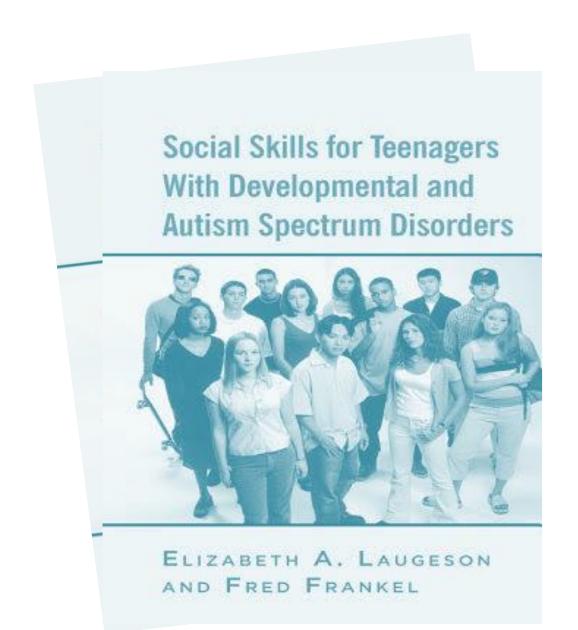
Wolstencroft J., Kerry E., Denyer H., Watkins A., Mandy W., and Skuse D.

The Great Ormond Street Institute of Child Health, University College London



## Background

Turner Syndrome (TS) is a sex chromosome aneuploidy (45,X) associated with social skill difficulties<sup>1</sup>.



The 2016 Cincinnati TS clinical care guidelines recommend that the Program for the Education and Enrichment of Relational Skills (PEERS) social skills intervention is piloted<sup>2</sup>. PEERS has previously been used in face-to-face interventions with male adolescents with autism spectrum conditions.

PEERS consists of 14 weekly lessons and runs two concurrent groups; one for the young people (YP) and one for parents (P)<sup>3</sup>. The YP lessons are structured to provide didactic instruction as well as social skill rehearsal.



**SOAR Study** was set up in 2016 to examine the mental health, social skills and personal relationships of those affected by TS, and to pilot a novel intervention to ameliorate difficulties

This pilot project is the first to examine the feasibility and acceptability of delivering the PEERS protocol online.

## Methods

**Design:** The pilot used an uncontrolled study design with multiplecase tracking.

### **Screening measures:**

Peer Relationships: Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ) Peer difficulties scale (P report)

Motivation: PEERS screening interview (P & YP report)

#### **Primary Outcome measure – Parent report :**

Social performance: *Social Competence with Peers (SCP)*Administered: 3x pre-, 3x during and 1x post- intervention

#### Secondary outcome measures:

Anxiety: Spence social anxiety scale (YP report)

Self-esteem: Rosenberg self-esteem scale (YP report)

Social knowledge: PEERS Test of Adolescent Social Skills Knowledge (YP report)

Autistic symptomatology: Social Responsiveness Scale-2 (P report)

All administered pre- and post- intervention

**Delivery:** PEERS was modified to be delivered primarily online. Face-to-face sessions took place at the start, middle and end of the program. All other sessions were conducted online using Adobe Connect Meetings.

#### Results: Trends in social performance scores (SCP) Baseline Intervention Follow-up Screening 16 14 12 N=7 10 Young People 8 Age: 17-20 6 VIQ>70 SDQ Peer Difficulties: High Motivation: High Individual score Trendline t3 t5 t2 t7 t8 t6 t4

Figure 1. Participant demographics and primary outcome measure, multiple case tracking

**Participants:** PEERS was piloted with 7 young women with TS and their mothers.

**Screening:** Participants scored in the 'abnormal' range on the SDQ peer difficulties scale ( $t_{(6)}$ =4.66, p=0.003; P report) compared to typical female population norms. Motivation to take part in the intervention was high (YP and P report; Figure 1).

**Primary Outcome:** Social performance was significantly improved on the SCP (p=0.045;  $\delta$ =0.64; P report). Gains were maintained at follow up (Figure 1).

**Secondary Outcomes:** Improvements in social knowledge (p<0.0001;  $\delta$ =4.25; YP report) and reduced autistic symptomatology (p=0.036;  $\delta$ =0.46; P report). No change occurred in self-report measures of anxiety and self-esteem.

Adherence to the intervention was high (>86%) and 100% of participants rated PEERS as 'very helpful' and reported improvements in the young person's social ability.

## Conclusion

The young women and their parents were highly motivated to improve their daughter's social functioning.

Online administration could substantially broaden the accessibility of social skills interventions in a cost-effective way to more young women with TS and other rare genetic disorders.

## References

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- 3. Laugeson, Elizabeth A., et al. "Evidence-based social skills training for adolescents with autism spectrum disorders: The UCLA PEERS program." Journal of autism and developmental disorders 42.6 (2012): 1025-1036.







